

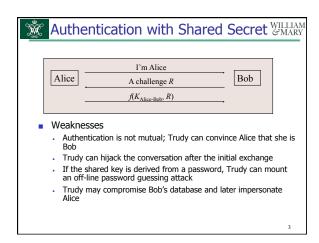
## CSCI 454/554 Computer and Network Security

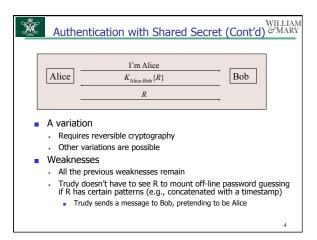
Topic 6.2 Authentication Protocols

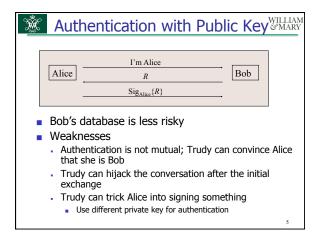
## Authentication Handshakes WILLIAM GMARY

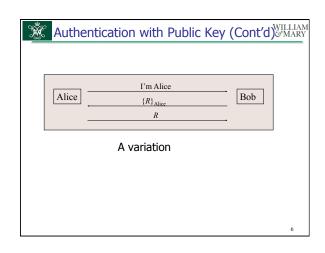
- Secure communication almost always includes an initial authentication handshake.
  - Authenticate each other
  - Establish session keys
  - This process is not trivial; flaws in this process undermine secure communication

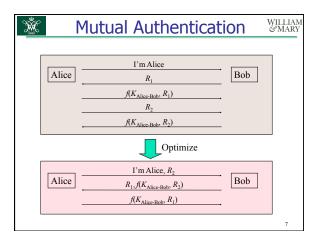
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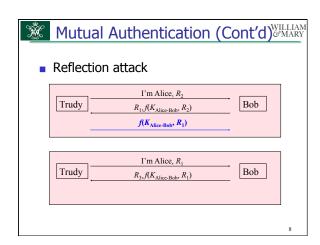


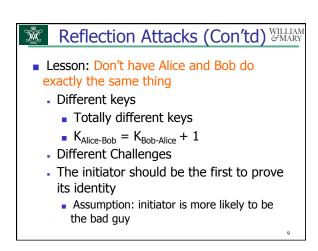


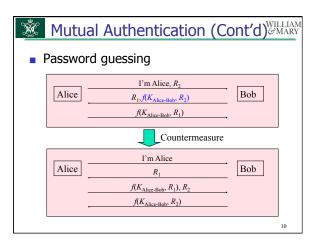


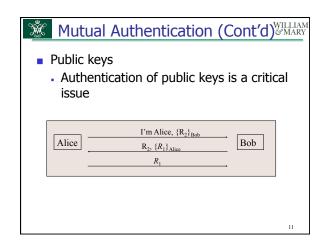


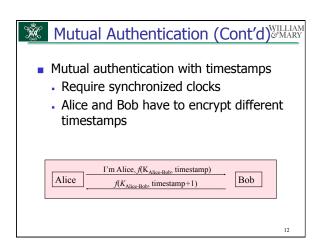














- Communication after mutual authentication should be cryptographically protected as well
  - Require a session key established during mutual authentication

■ Secret key based authentication

Assume the following authentication happened.

Can we use K<sub>Alice-Bob</sub>{R} as the session key?

Can we use K<sub>Alice-Bob</sub>{R+1} as the session key?

In general, modify K<sub>Alice-Bob</sub> and encrypt R. Use the result as the session key.

I'm Alice
Alice
R
Bob
K<sub>Alice-Bob</sub>{R}

Establishment of Session Keys MARY

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- Two-way public key based authentication
  - Alice chooses a random number R, encrypts it with Bob's public key
    - Trudy may hijack the conversation
  - Alice encrypts and signs R
    - Trudy may save all the traffic, and decrypt all the encrypted traffic when she is able to compromise Bob
    - Less severe threat

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- A better approach
  - Alice chooses and encrypts R<sub>1</sub> with Bob's public key
  - Bob chooses and encrypts R<sub>2</sub> with Alice's public key
  - Session key is R<sub>1</sub>⊕R<sub>2</sub>
  - Trudy will have to compromise both Alice and Bob
- An even better approach
  - Alice and Bob estatlish the session key with Diffie-Hellman key exchange
  - Alice and Bob signs the quantity they send
  - Trudy can't learn anything about the session key even if she compromises both Alice and Bob

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## Establishment of Session Keys (Cont'd) MARY

- One-way public key based authentication
  - It's only necessary to authenticate the server
    - Example: SSL
  - Encrypt R with Bob's public key
  - Diffie-Hellman key exchange
    - Bob signs the D-H public key

KDC operation (in principle)

KDC operation (in principle)

Alice Alice wants Bob KDC KBob {KAB} Bob Bob KDC KABO Generate KAB Bob KDC KABO Generate KAB Bob KDC Trudy may claim to be Alice and talk to KDC

Trudy cannot get anything useful

Messages encrypted by Alice may get to Bob before KDC's message

It may be difficult for KDC to connect to Bob

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